1	H. B. 2177
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3	(By Delegates Rodighiero, Stowers and Butcher)
4	[Introduced January 12, 2011; referred to the
5	Committee on Government Organization then Finance.]
6	FISCAL
7	NOTE
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$5-16-5$ of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended, relating to freezing employee premiums at
12	the current level until July 1, 2014.
13	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
14	That §5-16-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
15	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
16	ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.
17	5-16-5. Purpose, powers and duties of the finance board; initial
18	financial plan; financial plan for following year; and
19	annual financial plans.
20	(a) The purpose of the finance board created by this article
21	is to bring fiscal stability to the Public Employees Insurance
22	Agency through development of annual financial plans and long-range
23	plans designed to meet the agency's estimated total financial

requirements, taking into account all revenues projected to be made
 available to the agency and apportioning necessary costs equitably
 among participating employers, employees and retired employees and
 providers of health care services.

5 (b) The finance board shall retain the services of an 6 impartial, professional actuary, with demonstrated experience in 7 analysis of large group health insurance plans, to estimate the 8 total financial requirements of the Public Employees Insurance 9 Agency for each fiscal year and to review and render written 10 professional opinions as to financial plans proposed by the finance The actuary shall also assist in the development of 11 board. 12 alternative financing options and perform any other services 13 requested by the finance board or the director. All reasonable 14 fees and expenses for actuarial services shall be paid by the 15 Public Employees Insurance Agency. Any financial plan or 16 modifications to a financial plan approved or proposed by the 17 finance board pursuant to this section shall be submitted to and 18 reviewed by the actuary and may not be finally approved and 19 submitted to the Governor and to the Legislature without the 20 actuary's written professional opinion that the plan may be 21 reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all 22 estimated program and administrative costs of the agency, including 23 incurred but unreported claims, for the fiscal year for which the 24 plan is proposed. The actuary's opinion on the financial plan for

1 each fiscal year shall allow for no more than thirty days of 2 accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The 3 actuary's opinion for any fiscal year shall not include a 4 requirement for establishment of a reserve fund.

5 (c) All financial plans required by this section shall 6 establish:

7 (1) Maximum levels of reimbursement which the Public Employees8 Insurance Agency makes to categories of health care providers;

9 (2) Any necessary cost-containment measures for implementation10 by the director;

11 (3) The levels of premium costs to participating employers; 12 and

13 (4) The types and levels of cost to participating employees 14 and retired employees.

The financial plans may provide for different levels of costs 16 based on the insureds' ability to pay. The finance board may 17 establish different levels of costs to retired employees based upon 18 length of employment with a participating employer, ability to pay 19 or other relevant factors. The financial plans may also include 20 optional alternative benefit plans with alternative types and 21 levels of cost. The finance board may develop policies which 22 encourage the use of West Virginia health care providers.

In addition, the finance board may allocate a portion of the premium costs charged to participating employers to subsidize the

1 cost of coverage for participating retired employees, on such terms
2 as the finance board determines are equitable and financially
3 responsible.

4 (d)(1) The finance board shall prepare an annual financial 5 plan for each fiscal year during which the finance board remains in 6 existence. The finance board chairman shall request the actuary to 7 estimate the total financial requirements of the Public Employees 8 Insurance Agency for the fiscal year.

(2) The finance board shall prepare a proposed financial plan 9 10 designed to generate revenues sufficient to meet all estimated 11 program and administrative costs of the Public Employees Insurance 12 Agency for the fiscal year. The proposed financial plan shall 13 allow for no more than thirty days of accounts payable to be 14 carried over into the next fiscal year. Before final adoption of 15 the proposed financial plan, the finance board shall request the 16 actuary to review the plan and to render a written professional 17 opinion stating whether the plan will generate sufficient revenues 18 to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the 19 Public Employees Insurance Agency for the fiscal year. The 20 actuary's report shall explain the basis of its opinion. If the 21 actuary concludes that the proposed financial plan will not 22 generate sufficient revenues to meet all anticipated costs, then 23 the finance board shall make necessary modifications to the 24 proposed plan to ensure that all actuarially determined financial

1 requirements of the agency will be met.

2 (3) Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion, the finance board 3 shall conduct one or more public hearings in each congressional 4 district to receive public comment on the proposed financial plan, 5 shall review the comments and shall finalize and approve the 6 financial plan.

(4) Any financial plan shall be designed to allow thirty days 7 8 or less of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal 9 year. For each fiscal year, the Governor shall provide his or her 10 estimate of total revenues to the finance board no later than 11 October 15 of the preceding fiscal year: Provided, That, for the 12 prospective financial plans required by this section, the Governor 13 shall estimate the revenues available for each fiscal year of the 14 plans based on the estimated percentage of growth in general fund 15 revenues. The finance board shall submit its final, approved 16 financial plan, after obtaining the necessary actuary's opinion and 17 conducting one or more public hearings in each congressional 18 district, to the Governor and to the Legislature no later than 19 January 1, preceding the fiscal year. The financial plan for a 20 fiscal year becomes effective and shall be implemented by the 21 director on July 1 of the fiscal year. In addition to each final, 22 approved financial plan required under this section, the finance 23 board shall also simultaneously submit financial statements based 24 on generally accepted accounting practices (GAAP) and the final,

1 approved plan restated on an accrual basis of accounting, which 2 shall include allowances for incurred but not reported claims: 3 Provided, however, That the financial statements and the accrual-4 based financial plan restatement shall not affect the approved 5 financial plan.

6 (e) The provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall 7 not apply to the preparation, approval and implementation of the 8 financial plans required by this section.

9 (f) By January 1 of each year the finance board shall submit 10 to the Governor and the Legislature a prospective financial plan, 11 for a period not to exceed five years, for the programs provided in 12 this article. Factors that the board shall consider include, but 13 are not limited to, the trends for the program and the industry; 14 the medical rate of inflation; utilization patterns; cost of 15 services; and specific information such as average age of employee 16 population, active to retiree ratios, the service delivery system 17 and health status of the population.

(g) The prospective financial plans shall be based on the setimated revenues submitted in accordance with subdivision (4), subsection (d) of this section and shall include an average of the projected cost-sharing percentages of premiums and an average of the projected deductibles and copays for the various programs. <del>Beginning in the plan year which commences on July 1, 2002, and in</del> according the plan year thereafter, until and including the plan year which

1 commences on July 1, 2006, the prospective plans shall include 2 incremental adjustments toward the ultimate level required in this 3 subsection, in the aggregate cost-sharing percentages of premium 4 between employers and employees, including the amounts of any 5 subsidization of retired employee benefits. Effective in the plan 6 year commencing on July 1, 2006, and in each plan year thereafter, 7 the aggregate premium cost-sharing percentages between employers 8 and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of 9 retired employee benefits, shall be at a level of eighty percent 10 for the employer and twenty percent for employees, except for the 11 employers provided in subsection (d), section eighteen of this 12 article whose premium cost-sharing percentages shall be governed by For the plan year commencing on July 1, 2011, 13 that subsection. 14 and in each plan year thereafter until the plan year commencing 15 July 1, 2014, the premiums for employees shall remain at the 16 current level. After the submission of the initial prospective 17 plan, the board may not increase costs to the participating 18 employers or change the average of the premiums, deductibles and 19 copays for employees, except in the event of a true emergency as 20 provided in this section: *Provided*, That if the board invokes the 21 emergency provisions, the cost shall be borne between the employers 22 and employees in proportion to the cost-sharing ratio for that plan 23 year: Provided, however, That for purposes of this section, 24 "emergency" means that the most recent projections demonstrate that

1 plan expenses will exceed plan revenues by more than one percent in 2 any plan year: *Provided further*, That the aggregate premium cost-3 sharing percentages between employers and employees, including the 4 amounts of any subsidization of retired employee benefits, may be 5 offset, in part, by a legislative appropriation for that purpose.

6 (h) The finance board shall meet on at least a quarterly basis 7 to review implementation of its current financial plan in light of 8 the actual experience of the Public Employees Insurance Agency. 9 The board shall review actual costs incurred, any revised cost 10 estimates provided by the actuary, expenditures and any other 11 factors affecting the fiscal stability of the plan and may make any 12 additional modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the 13 total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal 14 year are met. The finance board may not increase the types and 15 levels of cost to employees during its quarterly review except in 16 the event of a true emergency.

(i) For any fiscal year in which legislative appropriations differ from the Governor's estimate of general and special revenues available to the agency, the finance board shall, within thirty days after passage of the budget bill, make any modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to freeze PEIA employee premiums for three years.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.